

IMPLEMENTING NEW BIBLIOMETRIC SERVICES

AT THE
US EPA-RTP LIBRARY



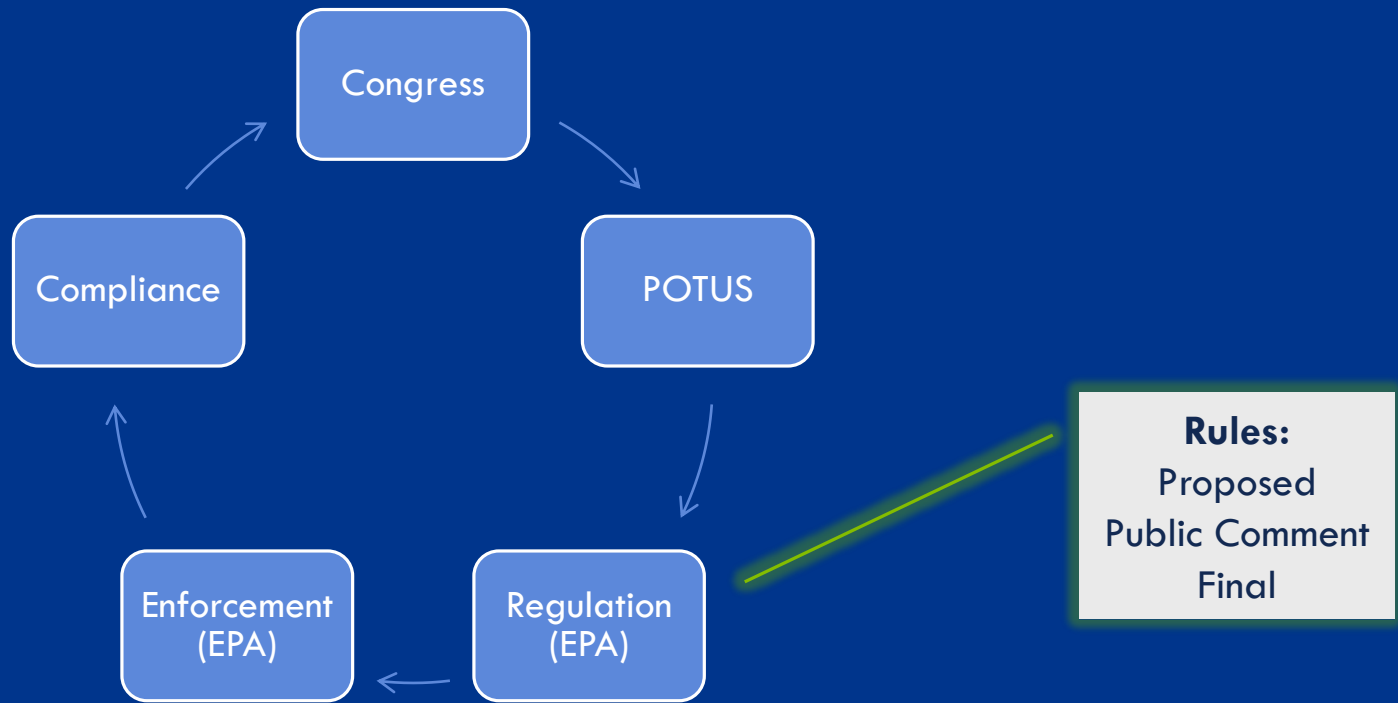
ANTHONY HOLDERIED
TAYLOR ABERNETHY
UNC CONTRACTORS



EPA-RTP
LIBRARY

...to protect human health and the environment

CLEAN AIR ACT



ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



**ENVIRONMENTAL
PROTECTION
AGENCY**

**RESEARCH
TRIANGLE PARK**



Research Offices and Laboratories:

- **Office of Air and Radiation**
- **Office of Research and Development**
 - **National Exposure Research Laboratory (NERL)**
 - **National Health and Environmental Effects Research (NHEERL)**
 - **National Risk Management Research Laboratory (NRMRL)**
 - **National Center for Environmental Assessment (NCEA)**
 - **National Center for Computational Toxicology (NCCT)**
 - **National Center for Environmental Research (NCER)**
 - **National Homeland Security Research Center (NHSRC)**

EPA-RTP RESEARCH |

EPA-RTP LIBRARY

“The mission of the EPA Library is to provide a broad range of information support services to enable the research, standards setting, and administrative personnel of EPA/RTP to spend their time using information rather than searching for it.”

One of 26 libraries in National Library Network

- **One of three repositories**
- **Highest foot traffic, reference transactions, ILL requests**
- **Top research facility**



EPA-RTP LIBRARY

Staffed by
contractors
through UNC-SILS
since 1975!



Five full-time staff

Eight student interns

Services Include

- Interlibrary Loan
- Literature Searching
- Reference
- Instruction
- EPA Document Publishing
- EndNote Support

SINCE THE BEGINNING...

Services provided without marketing:

Quick Reference

- Impact factor, times cited, H-index (awards, evaluation)

Training

- Formal & Informal (WoS, JCR, Plum Analytics, Altmetric, Impact Story)

Extended Reference

- Metrics for an individual's publications

Large Projects

- Metrics for programs & teams; alerts

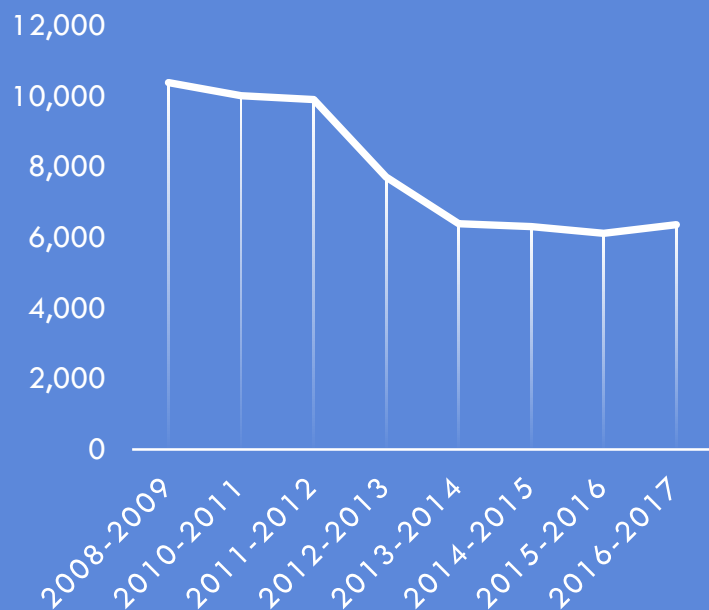


Information Need
Established

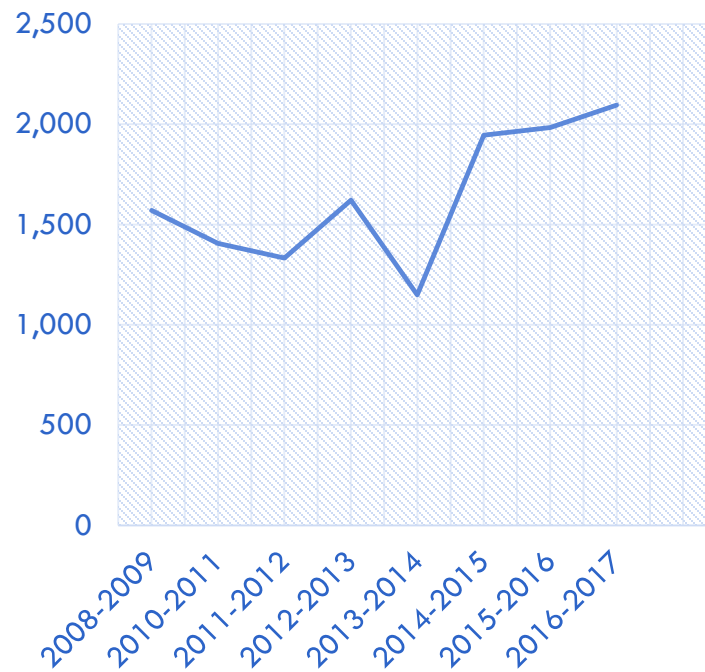
WHY BIBLIOMETRICS SERVICES?

PATRON FOOT TRAFFIC '08-'17

— Walk-in Traffic



Ready Reference Transactions '08-'18



RESEARCH

What will this look like?



- Cost
 - New tools/resources
 - Human resources
 - Existing staff
 - New position
 - Training
- Scale
 - Individuals vs. groups
 - Time commitment
- Deliverable
 - Formats
- Marketing
 - Overall strategy
 - Roll-out/Ongoing
 - Outsource/In-house



YES!



BUT HOW?

- **Balancing scope with time & resources**
 - Use free and existing tools to add value
 - Training vs. seeking skills
- **Focus on the individual**
 - Funding & awards
 - Career advancement

PROTOTYPE

Assemble
a report

Package it

Plan
marketing

Create
documentation



Research Impact Report
 EPA-RTP LIBRARY
 Report Date: February 1, 2016

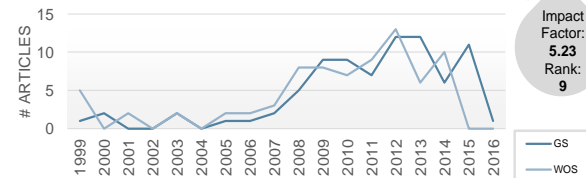
Department: National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences
 Employee Since: YYYY
 Prepared using data from Google Scholar and Web of Science

79 Articles
Published

10 Research
Areas

Top Journal
**Am J
 Epidemiology**
 by number of articles

Articles published per year:



Impact
Factor:
5.23
Rank:
9

cited
429
times

Most-cited article:

The use of brief interventions adapted from motivational interviewing across behavioral domains: A systematic review
ADDICTION



1,200

15
Avg. citations
per paper

Total
Citations



11 Coauthoring institutions



58%
cited papers

19 H-index
34 G-index





THE PRODUCT: RESEARCH IMPACT REPORT

Analyzes a set of publications
Presents author, article, journal-
level metrics
Packages data with graphical
illustrations

Research Impact Report



EPA-RTP
LIBRARY

Hermione Granger

Report Date: December 16, 2016

Research Toxicologist, National Health and Environmental Effects Laboratory
United States Environmental Protection Agency
Employee Since: 1995

206 Items
Published

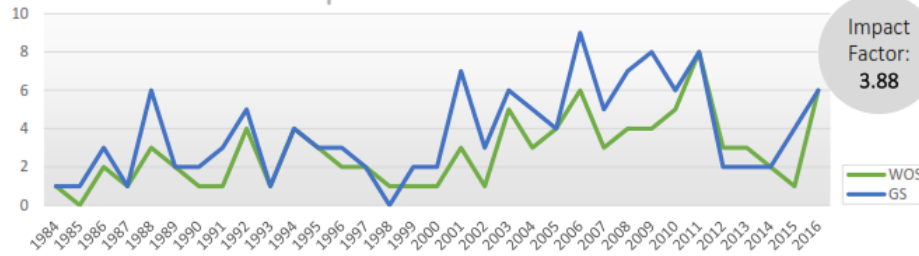


Research
Areas

Top Journal
**Toxicological
Sciences**
by number of articles

Impact
Factor:
3.88

Articles Published per Year



cited
978
times

Most-cited article:
**Arsenic toxicity and
potential mechanisms
of action**

TOXICOLOGY LETTERS

Avg. citations
per paper

31

3,958

Total
Citations



31 Coauthoring
institutions

73%
cited papers

28 H-index
62 G-index

Research Impact Report – XXXXX YYYY

Prepared by the EPA-RTP Library, December 16, 2016



Overview of Citation Metrics from Web of Science

Results found: 91

Sum of the Times Cited: 2807

Sum of Times Cited without self-citations: 2658

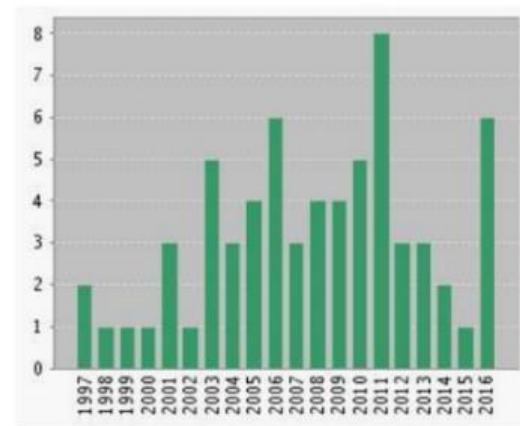
Citing Articles: 2307

Citing Articles without self-citations: 2253

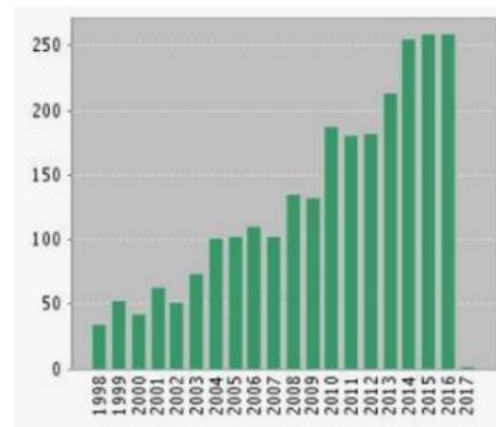
Average Citations per Item: 30.85

H-index: 26

Published Items Each Year from Web of Science



Citations Each Year in Web of Science



Overview of Citation Metrics from Google Scholar

Results found: 139

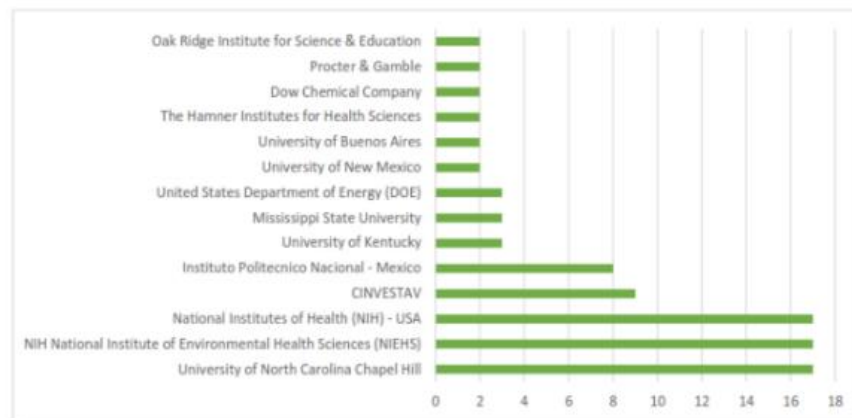
Sum of the Times Cited: 3958

Average Citations per Item: 28.47

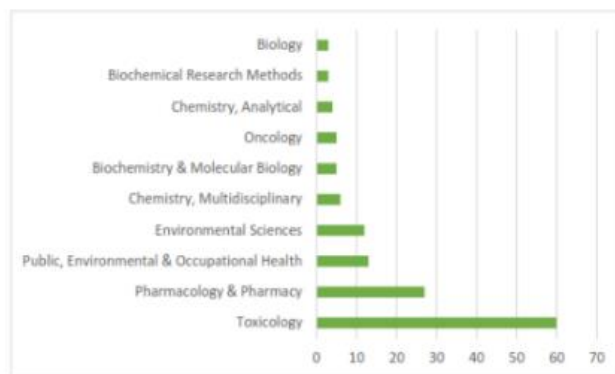
H-index: 28

G-index: 62

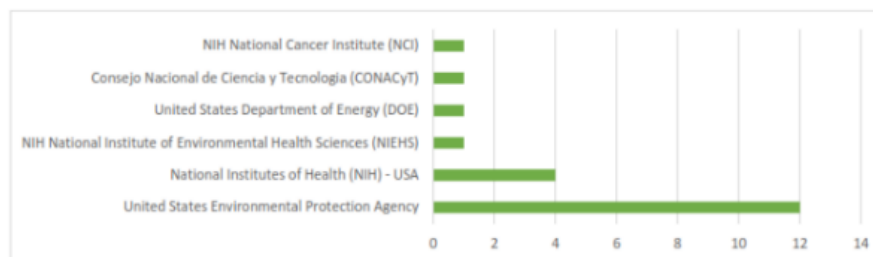
Top Institutional Co-Authors



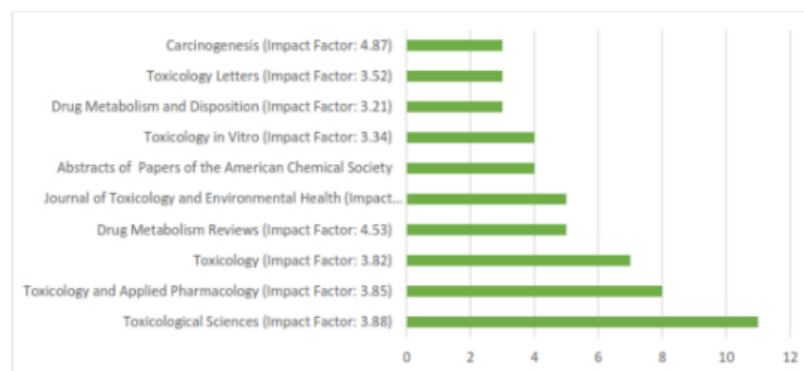
Article Distribution by Research Category



Funding Agency Support by Number of Articles



Top Journals by Number of Articles






Top Journals by JCR Category Ranking

Journal Title	JCR Category	Journal Rank in Category
Carcinogenesis	Oncology	37
Drug Metabolism and Disposition	Pharmacology & Pharmacy	67
Drug Metabolism Reviews	Pharmacology & Pharmacy	32
Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health	Environmental Sciences	53
	Public, Environmental & Occupational Health	42
	Toxicology	44
Toxicological Sciences	Toxicology	11
Toxicology	Pharmacology & Pharmacy	51
	Toxicology	13
Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology	Pharmacology & Pharmacy	48
	Toxicology	12
Toxicology in Vitro	Toxicology	19
Toxicology Letters	Toxicology	18
Non-Journals		
Abstracts of Papers of the American Chemical Society		

JCR Metrics for Top Journals

Name	Journal Impact Factor	5 Year Impact Factor	Immediacy Index	Cited Half Life	Article Influence	Eigenfactor
Toxicological Sciences	3.88	4.307	0.903	7.6	1.18	0.02428
Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology	3.847	4.01	0.735	7.9	1.007	0.02387
Toxicology	3.817	3.967	0.912	9	0.999	0.01462
Drug Metabolism Reviews	4.526	5.572	0.559	9.2	1.628	0.0034
Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health	1.805	2.188	0.275	7.2	0.561	0.00945
Toxicology in Vitro	3.338	3.285	0.715	5.8	0.73	0.01261
Drug Metabolism and Disposition	3.21	3.25	0.966	8.4	0.845	0.01699
Toxicology Letters	3.522	3.571	0.625	7	0.879	0.02027
Carcinogenesis	4.874	5.368	0.967	8	1.517	0.03371

Top 20% Highest Scoring Altmetric Articles

 <p>Arsenic Exposure and Toxicology: A Historical Perspective Toxicological Sciences DOI: 10.1093/toxsci/kfr184</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Picked up by 1 news outlet(s) ■ Blogged by 1 ■ Referenced in 1 policy source(s) ■ Tweeted by 12 ■ On 1 Facebook page(s) ■ 270 readers on Mendeley ■ 0 readers on Connotea ■ 0 readers on CiteULike
 <p>Dose and Effect Thresholds for Early Key Events in a PPARα-Mediated Mode of Action Toxicological Sciences DOI: 10.1093/toxsci/kfy236</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Picked up by 1 news outlet(s) ■ Tweeted by 1 ■ 3 readers on Mendeley ■ 0 readers on Connotea ■ 0 readers on CiteULike
 <p>Arsenic toxicity and potential mechanisms of action Toxicology Letters DOI: 10.1016/s0378-4274(02)00084-x</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Referenced in 2 policy source(s) ■ Referenced in 3 Wikipedia pages ■ 267 readers on Mendeley ■ 0 readers on Connotea ■ 0 readers on CiteULike

Source name	Definition
Twitter	Collection of tweets, retweets, and quoted tweets with links to scholarly content
Facebook	Monitors Public Facebook Pages and posts
Policy documents	Scans and text-mines policy document PDFs for references; connected to CrossRef and PubMed for DOIs
News	Manually curated data provided from third-parties and RSS feeds
Blogs	Manually curated list, attempts to gather posts linking to scholarly articles
Mendeley	Number of readers with the content in their library
Connotea	Online reference manager counted similar to Mendeley
CiteULike	Online reference manager counted similar to Mendeley
Wikipedia	Mentions located in References section

Record 3 of 18**Title:** Arsenic Exposure and Toxicology: A Historical Perspective**Author(s):** XXXX YYYY**Source:** TOXICOLOGICAL SCIENCES **Volume:** 123 **Issue:** 2 **Pages:** 305-332 **DOI:** 10.1093/toxsci/kfr184 **Published:** OCT 2011**Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection:** 221**Total Times Cited:** 233

Abstract: The metalloid arsenic is a natural environmental contaminant to which humans are routinely exposed in food, water, air, and soil. Arsenic has a long history of use as a homicidal agent, but in the past 100 years arsenic, has been used as a pesticide, a chemotherapeutic agent and a constituent of consumer products. In some areas of the world, high levels of arsenic are naturally present in drinking water and are a toxicological concern. There are several structural forms and oxidation states of arsenic because it forms alloys with metals and covalent bonds with hydrogen, oxygen, carbon, and other elements. Environmentally relevant forms of arsenic are inorganic and organic existing in the trivalent or pentavalent state. Metabolism of arsenic, catalyzed by arsenic (+3 oxidation state) methyltransferase, is a sequential process of reduction from pentavalency to trivalency followed by oxidative methylation back to pentavalency. Trivalent arsenic is generally more toxicologically potent than pentavalent arsenic. Acute effects of arsenic range from gastrointestinal distress to death. Depending on the dose, chronic arsenic exposure may affect several major organ systems. A major concern of ingested arsenic is cancer, primarily of skin, bladder, and lung. The mode of action of arsenic for its disease endpoints is currently under study. Two key areas are the interaction of trivalent arsenicals with sulfur in proteins and the ability of arsenic to generate oxidative stress. With advances in technology and the recent development of animal models for arsenic carcinogenicity, understanding of the toxicology of arsenic will continue to improve.

Accession Number: WOS:000295532900001**PubMed ID:** 21750349**ISSN:** 1096-6080**eISSN:** 1096-0929

Record 4 of 18**Title:** A concise review of the toxicity and carcinogenicity of dimethylarsinic acid**Author(s):** XXXX YYYY**Source:** TOXICOLOGY **Volume:** 160 **Issue:** 1-3 **Special Issue:** SI **Pages:** 227-236 **DOI:** 10.1016/S0300-483X(00)00458-3 **Published:** MAR 7 2001**Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection:** 123**Total Times Cited:** 128

Abstract: Dimethylarsinic acid (DMA) has been used as a herbicide (cacodylic acid) and is the major metabolite formed after exposure to tri- (arsenite) or pentavalent (arsenate) inorganic arsenic (iAs) via ingestion or inhalation in both humans and rodents. Once viewed simply as a detoxification product of iAs, evidence has accumulated in recent years indicating that DMA itself has unique toxic properties. DMA induces an organ-specific lesion - single strand breaks in DNA - in the lungs of both mice and rats and in human lung cells in vitro. Mechanistic studies have suggested that this damage is due mainly to the peroxy radical of DMA and production of active oxygen species by pulmonary tissues. Multi-organ initiation-promotion studies have demonstrated that DMA acts as a



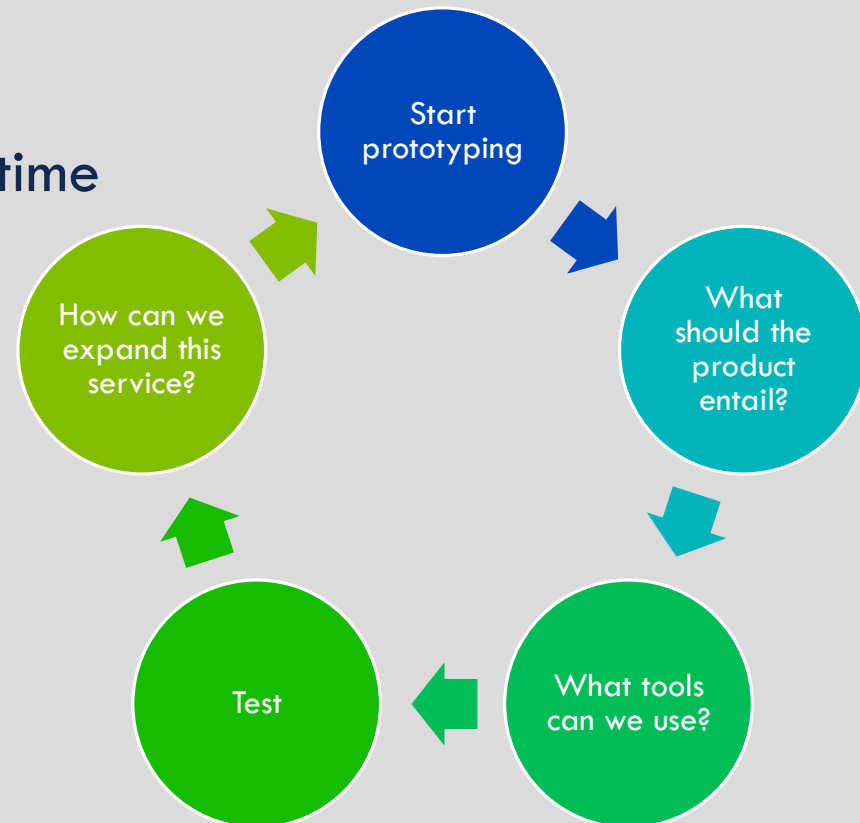
- >20 RIR's created
- Continue to revise documentation
- Reflect on feedback
- Begin to explore avenues...
Article Impact Report

CONTINUING THE CYCLE |

ARTICLE IMPACT REPORT

Like a Research Impact Report...but for a single article and based on its set of citations

- ↑ graphics, ↓ words
- Shorter in length & turnaround time
- Flexible parameters/template
- Continued the cycle
 - Targeted delivery
 - Gained feedback
 - Developed documentation





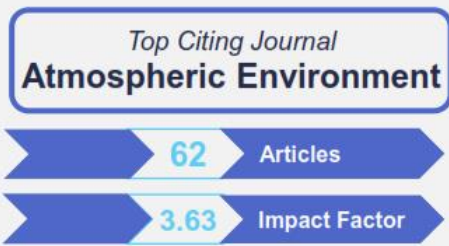
Article Impact Report

Incremental testing of the Community Multiscale Air Quality (CMAQ) modeling system version 4.7 *Geoscientific Model Development*

Foley, KM; Roselle, SJ; Appel, KW; Bhawe, PV; Pleim, JE; Otte, TL; Mathur, R; Sarwar, G; Young, JO; Gilliam, RC; Nolte, CG; Kelly, JT; Gilliland, AB; Bash, JO

Foley, KM et al. (2010). Incremental testing of the Community Multiscale Air Quality (CMAQ) modeling system version 4.7. *Geoscientific Model Development*, 3(1), 205-226. DOI [10.5194/gmd-3-205-2010](https://doi.org/10.5194/gmd-3-205-2010)

Highlights

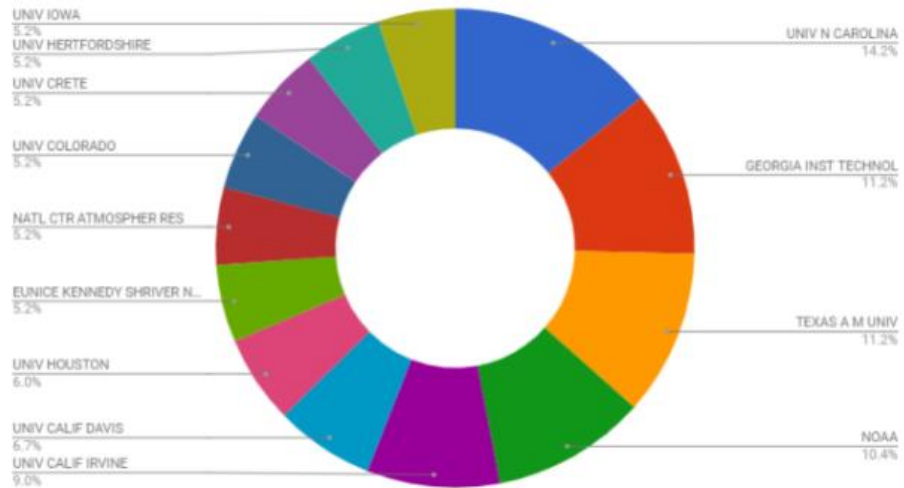


Citations by Country

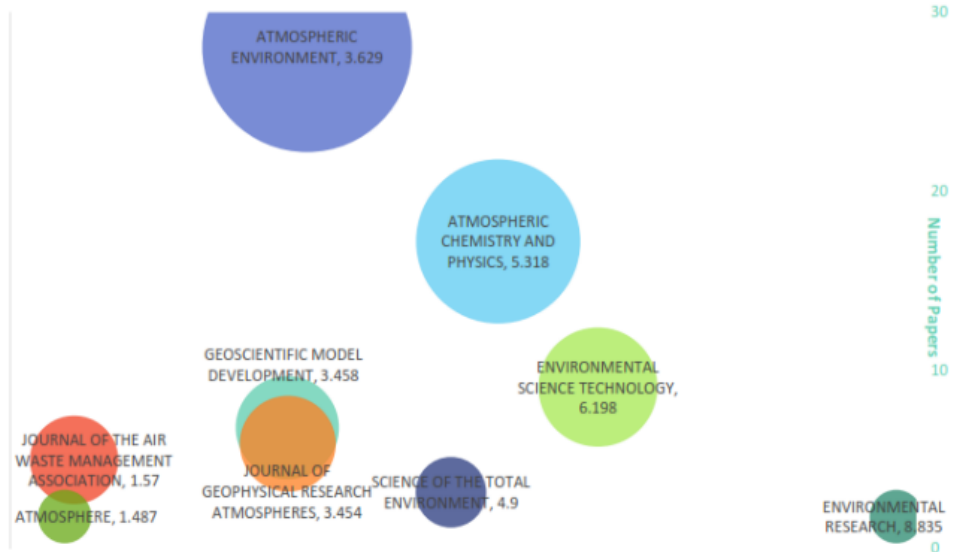


Countries	Papers
USA	180
CHINA	29
GERMANY	16
GREECE	16
CANADA	12
ENGLAND	12
SPAIN	12
ITALY	8
TURKEY	7
FINLAND	6
JAPAN	6
SOUTH KOREA	6

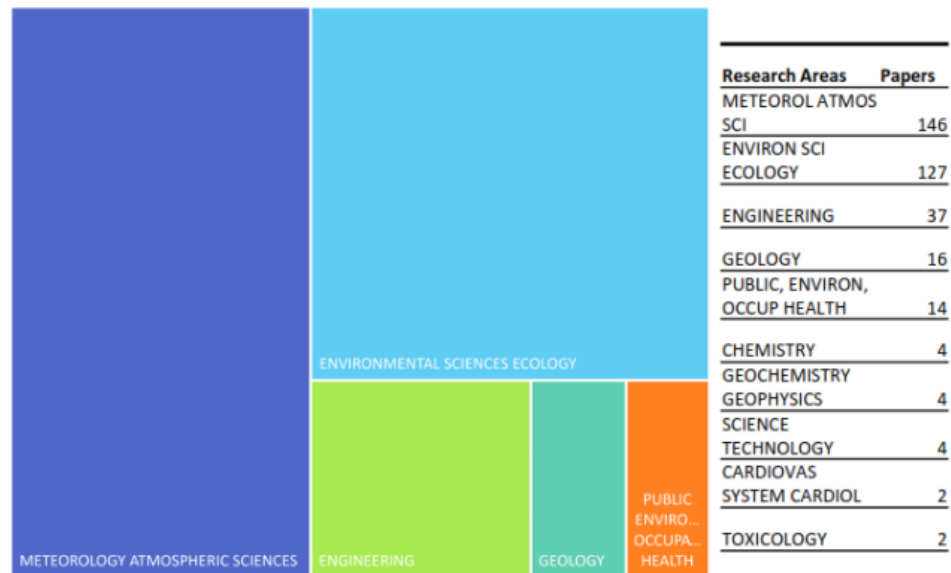
Top Citing Organizations Outside of EPA



Citing Journals (Impact Factor)



Research Areas



Alternative Metrics



Most viewed in **March 2014**



Article Metrics	
HTML Downloads	1,372
PDF Downloads	1,865
Total Views	3,388
Cross Ref Citations	164

About this Attention Score

Good Attention Score compared to outputs of the same age (68th percentile)

High Attention Score compared to outputs of the same age and source (88th percentile)

Web of Science Metrics	
Core Collection Citations	221
Citations in All Databases	234
Uses in Last 180 Days	5
Uses Since 2013	61



Highly Cited Paper
 received enough citations to place it in the top 1% of the academic field of Geosciences based on a highly cited threshold for the field and publication year

Mentioned by **LESS...**

- 1 policy source

Citations

- 241 Scopus

Readers on

- 75 Mendeley

Clarivate Analytics	IF 3.458
Clarivate Analytics	IF 5-year 5.066
Scopus	CiteScore 3.89
CWTS	SNIP 1.172
SJR	SJR 2.855
CWTS	IPP 3.510

Guidance for Quantifying the Contribution of Airport Emissions to Local Air Quality
 Cited by National Academies Press on **27 May 2015**

Journal Metrics for **Geoscientific Model Development**

About the Report

This report was compiled using data from Web of Science, Google Scholar, Altmetrics, and other databases when necessary. It is a snapshot of a particular article where the impact has been determined by analyzing various information about the papers citing that article. By collecting and organizing these statistics, a picture of reach, popularity, and value is created.

Citations by Country

The origin of the citing papers as determined by author addresses. All records are shown on the graphic, and the logical threshold is displayed in the accompanying table.

Top Citing Organizations

The listed author affiliations of citing articles. Percentage is determined using a logical threshold where the remaining percent of the whole would be considered "other."

Citing Journals

The volume of citing papers per journal title compared to other titles citing the paper, displayed along with the journal's impact factor for the report year. In the graphic:

- position along the x axis is determined by the journal impact factor
- position along the y axis is determined by the number of citing papers published in the source title
- size is determined by the percentage of citing papers published in the specific source title compared to all other titles

Research Areas

The scientific category for each citing paper. A logical threshold is displayed in the graphic, and an expansion is shown in the accompanying table.

Alternative Metrics

Metrics gathered using Altmetrics, publisher website data, and other sources including but not limited to those listed in the Altmetric doughnut:

Source name	Definition
Twitter	Collection of tweets, retweets, and quoted tweets with links to scholarly content
Facebook	Monitors Public Facebook Pages and posts
Policy documents	Scans and text-mines policy document PDFs for references; connected to CrossRef and PubMed for DOIs
News	Manually curated data provided from third-parties and RSS feeds
Blogs	Manually curated list, attempts to gather posts linking to scholarly articles
Mendeley	Number of readers with the content in their library
CiteULike	Online reference manager counted similar to Mendeley
Wikipedia	Mentions located in References section

CHALLENGES & LESSONS LEARNED

- Every report is different
 - Post-doc vs. seasoned researcher
 - Unique publication histories (not in scholarly lit)
- Balance is key: effort vs. reward
 - New tools require training
 - New technologies are not always widely accepted
- The revisions are never complete, but that means the possibilities are endless
 - Changing interfaces
 - Author preferences

Remember: Special requests → new services



FUTURE DIRECTIONS

Expand
Scope

Hot/
Trending
Articles?

Research
Impact
Services

Projecting
Impact?



THANK YOU!

Anthony Holderied (UNC)

Assistant Director

(919) 541-2777

library.rtp@epa.gov

Taylor Abernethy (UNC)

User Services & Research Librarian

(919) 541-2777

library.rtp@epa.gov

Questions?

